## CALCULUS AB SECTION II, Part B

## Time—60 minutes Number of problems—4

## No calculator is allowed for these problems.

t (minutes)	0	12	20	24	40
v(t) (meters per minute)	0	200	240	-220	150

- 3. Johanna jogs along a straight path. For  $0 \le t \le 40$ , Johanna's velocity is given by a differentiable function v. Selected values of v(t), where t is measured in minutes and v(t) is measured in meters per minute, are given in the table above.
  - (a) Use the data in the table to estimate the value of v'(16).
  - (b) Using correct units, explain the meaning of the definite integral  $\int_0^{40} |v(t)| dt$  in the context of the problem. Approximate the value of  $\int_0^{40} |v(t)| dt$  using a right Riemann sum with the four subintervals indicated in the table.
  - (c) Bob is riding his bicycle along the same path. For  $0 \le t \le 10$ , Bob's velocity is modeled by  $B(t) = t^3 6t^2 + 300$ , where t is measured in minutes and B(t) is measured in meters per minute. Find Bob's acceleration at time t = 5.
  - (d) Based on the model B from part (c), find Bob's average velocity during the interval  $0 \le t \le 10$ .