

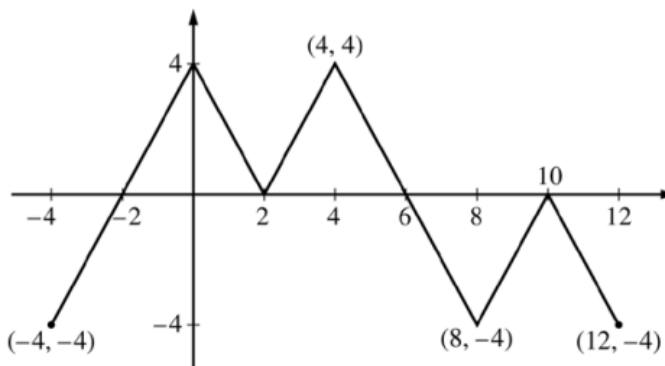
**AP<sup>®</sup> CALCULUS AB/CALCULUS BC  
2016 SCORING GUIDELINES**

**Question 3**

The figure above shows the graph of the piecewise-linear function  $f$ . For  $-4 \leq x \leq 12$ , the function  $g$  is defined by

$$g(x) = \int_{-2}^x f(t) \, dt.$$

- (a) Does  $g$  have a relative minimum, a relative maximum, or neither at  $x = 10$ ? Justify your answer.
- (b) Does the graph of  $g$  have a point of inflection at  $x = 4$ ? Justify your answer.
- (c) Find the absolute minimum value and the absolute maximum value of  $g$  on the interval  $-4 \leq x \leq 12$ . Justify your answers.
- (d) For  $-4 \leq x \leq 12$ , find all intervals for which  $g(x) \leq 0$ .



Graph of  $f$

- (a) The function  $g$  has neither a relative minimum nor a relative maximum at  $x = 10$  since  $g'(x) = f(x)$  and  $f(x) \leq 0$  for  $8 \leq x \leq 12$ .
- (b) The graph of  $g$  has a point of inflection at  $x = 4$  since  $g'(x) = f(x)$  is increasing for  $2 \leq x \leq 4$  and decreasing for  $4 \leq x \leq 8$ .
- (c)  $g'(x) = f(x)$  changes sign only at  $x = -2$  and  $x = 6$ .

$x$	$g(x)$
-4	-4
-2	-8
6	8
12	-4

On the interval  $-4 \leq x \leq 12$ , the absolute minimum value is  $g(-2) = -8$  and the absolute maximum value is  $g(6) = 8$ .

- (d)  $g(x) \leq 0$  for  $-4 \leq x \leq 2$  and  $10 \leq x \leq 12$ .

1 :  $g'(x) = f(x)$  in (a), (b), (c), or (d)

1 : answer with justification

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4 :  $\left\{ \begin{array}{l} 1 : \text{considers } x = -2 \text{ and } x = 6 \\ \quad \text{as candidates} \\ 1 : \text{considers } x = -4 \text{ and } x = 12 \\ 2 : \text{answers with justification} \end{array} \right.$

2 : intervals